TITLE 19. ALCOHOL, HORSE AND DOG RACING, LOTTERY, AND GAMING CHAPTER 1. DEPARTMENT OF LIQUOR LICENSES AND CONTROL

(Authority: A.R.S. § 4-101 et seq.)

Editor's Note: The Office of the Secretary of State publishes all Code Chapters on white paper (Supp. 01-4).

Editor's Note: Some Sections of this Chapter were amended, adopted, and repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Chapter 307, § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and conduct a hearing. The changes were not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Some Sections of this Chapter were amended, adopted, and repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Chapter 234, § 22. Although exempt from certain portions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide a notice of hearing and a public hearing before adopting these changes. At the time the Sections were amended, adopted, and repealed the Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file and publish exempt rules. The Department has now filed these changes with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1991, Chapter 136 §§ 2 and 3 (Supp. 96-4).

19 A.A.C. 1, consisting of R19-1-101 through R19-1-111, and R19-1-201 through R19-1-257 recodified from 4 A.A.C. 15 consisting of R4-15-101 through R4-15-111, and R4-15-201 through R4-15-257 pursuant to R1-1-102 (Supp. 95-1).

Portions of this Chapter have been adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6), pursuant to Laws 1993, Ch. 133, § 49 and Laws 1994, Ch. 373, § 9. Exemption from A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6 means that the Department did not submit notice of this rulemaking to the Secretary of State's Office for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register; the Department did not submit these rules to the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; the Department was not required to hold public hearings on these rules; and the Attorney General did not certify these rules.

Because this Chapter contains rules which are exempt from the regular rulemaking process, it is printed on blue paper.

ARTICLE 1. STATE LIQUOR BOARD		R19-1-210.	Sign Limitations	
	(A.R.S. § 4-112(A))	R19-1-211.	Draught beer signs	
4 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	R19-1-212.	Advertising, Misleading	
Article 1 heading amended effective September 14, 1990,		R19-1-213.	Clothing Requirements, Employees	
under an exemption from the provisions of the Administrative Pro-		R19-1-214.	Sex Acts Prohibited, Real, or Simulated	
cedure Act (Supp. 96-4).		R19-1-215.	Obscene Films, Pictures Prohibited	
Section		R19-1-216.	Age Restrictions	
R19-1-101.	Definitions	R19-1-217.	Display of License	
R19-1-102.	Granting a License for a Certain Location	R19-1-218.	Records, Keeping of	
R19-1-103.	Change in Proprietary Interest	R19-1-219.	Storage on Unlicensed Premises	
R19-1-104.	Repealed	R19-1-220.	Liquors other than authorized by license	
R19-1-105.	Knowledge of Law and Regulations	R19-1-221.	Retail Delivery of Spirituous Liquor	
R19-1-106.	Service of Complaints for Judicial Review	R19-1-222.	Suspension, Adherence to Rules of	
R19-1-107.	Rehearing or Review of Decision	R19-1-223.	Closure Due to Violence	
R19-1-108.	Reserved	R19-1-224.	Seizure, Liquors	
R19-1-109.	Quota license selection process	R19-1-225.	Credit Law Exception	
R19-1-110.	Reserved	R19-1-226.	Commercial Coercion and Bribery	
R19-1-111.	Election of Officers	R19-1-227.	Microbrewery/Retail	
ARTICLE 2. DIRECTOR (A.R.S. § 4-112(B)(1))		R19-1-228.	Exceptions to General Rule	
		R19-1-229.	Non-alcoholic Malt Beverages, Wines, and Cocktail	
			Mixers	
Article 2 heading amended effective June 4, 1997, under an		R19-1-230.	Tapping Equipment, Furnishing, Selling, and Servic-	
exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure			ing	
Act (Supp. 97-2).		R19-1-231.	Foodstuffs	
Article 2 heading amended effective September 14, 1990,		R19-1-232.	Broken Package Prohibited Off-sale Premises	
	mption from the provisions of the Administrative Pro-	R19-1-233.	Underage Persons on Licensed Premises	
cedure Act (S		R19-1-234.	Violence, Report of	
,	шрр. Уб. 1).	R19-1-235.	Fetal Alcohol Sign Display	
Section	D (" '.'	R19-1-236.	Recodified	
R19-1-201.	Definitions	R19-1-237.	Recodified	
R19-1-202.	Intrastate shipping requirements	R19-1-238.	Repealed	
R19-1-203.	Intrastate shipping requirements	R19-1-239.	Recodified	
R19-1-204. Interstate Shipping, Importation, Labeling, Solicita-		R19-1-240.	Recodified	
D10 1 207	tion, Advertising	R19-1-241.	Recodified	
R19-1-205.	License Restriction Audits	R19-1-242.	Recodified	
R19-1-206.	Inducements, Prohibited	R19-1-243.	Recodified	
R19-1-207.	Bottles, Reuse or Refilling Prohibited	R19-1-244.	Recodified	
R19-1-208.	Hotel/Motel/Restaurant Requirements	R19-1-245.	Recodified	
R19-1-209.	Tax requirements	R19-1-246.	Recodified	

R19-1-246.

R19-1-247.	Recodified
R19-1-248.	Recodified
R19-1-249.	Repealed
R19-1-250.	Recodified
R19-1-251.	Employee Records
R19-1-252.	Recodified
R19-1-253.	Recodified
R19-1-254.	Recodified
R19-1-255.	Recodified
R19-1-256.	Repealed
R19-1-257.	Recodified

ARTICLE 3. UNLICENSED PREMISES DEFINITIONS AND LICENSING TIME-FRAMES

Article 3, consisting of R19-1-301 through R19-1-304, adopted effective September 14, 1990 (Supp. 96-4).

Section

Section	
R19-1-301.	Recodified
R19-1-302.	Filing of Legal or Equitable Interest
R19-1-303.	Retail Agents
R19-1-304.	Standards for Alcohol Training Programs
R19-1-305.	Change of Address
R19-1-306.	Name Change Requirements
R19-1-307.	Closing, Notice of
R19-1-308.	Surrender of Licenses/Interim Retail Permits
R19-1-309.	Special Event License
R19-1-310.	Criteria for Issuing Restaurant License
R19-1-311.	Patio Outdoor Use Permission
R19-1-312.	Conveyance License, Application Posting
R19-1-313.	Interim Permit/Tax Violations
R19-1-314.	Distilling Apparatus Requirements
R19-1-315.	Exemptions to A.R.S. § 4-244.05

R19-1-315. Exemptions to A.R.S. § 4-244
R19-1-316. Public Facilities Exemption
R19-1-317. Licensing Time-frames

Table A. Licensing Time-frames

ARTICLE 1. STATE LIQUOR BOARD

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-101. Definitions

In this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Bona fide transaction" means any transaction between a licensee and a person that results in the change of ownership of the license.

"Business establishment or business premises" means the real property and improvements licensed under A.R.S. Title 4.

"Change in Ownership" means any change in the financial setup of a business establishment which in any way results in a person directly or indirectly becoming a controlling person.

"Judicial Review" is an appeal to superior court of a final agency decision.

"Licensed" means having a license or interim permit issued pursuant to this Title, including a license or interim permit on non-use status.

"Non-use" means when the Licensee has ceased engaging in the business activity covered by the licensee.

Historical Note

Former Rule 1; Former Section R4-15-01 renumbered as Section R4-15-101 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-101 recodified from R4-15-101 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-102. Granting a License for a Certain Location

Local governing authorities and the Department may consider the following criteria in determining whether public convenience requires and that the best interest of the community will be substantially served by the issuance or transfer of a liquor license at a particular unlicensed location:

- Petitions and testimony from persons in favor of or opposed to the issuance of a license who reside in, own or lease property in close proximity.
- 2. The number and series of licenses in close proximity.
- Evidence that all necessary licenses and permits have been obtained from the state and all other governing bodies.
- The residential and commercial population of the community and its likelihood of increasing, decreasing or remaining static.
- Residential and commercial population density in close proximity.
- Evidence concerning the nature of the proposed business, its potential market, and its likely customers.
- 7. Effect on vehicular traffic in close proximity.
- 8. The compatibility of the proposed business with other activity in close proximity.
- The effect or impact of the proposed premises on businesses or the residential neighborhood whose activities might be affected by granting the license.
- 10. The history for the past five years of liquor violations and reported criminal activity at the proposed premises provided that the applicant has received a detailed report(s) of such activity at least 20 days before the hearing by the Board.
- Comparison of the hours of operation of the proposed premises to the existing businesses in close proximity.

Historical Note

Former Rule 2; Former Section R4-15-02 renumbered as Section R4-15-102 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Repealed effective July 11, 1983 (Supp. 83-4). New Section adopted effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-102 recodified from R4-15-102 (Supp. 95-1).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-103. Change in Proprietary Interest

No licensee shall transfer, assign or make any change in ownership in such business, directly or indirectly, nor shall a partner purchase or otherwise acquire the interest held by any other controlling person or partner in the business, without notifying the Director within

30 days and filing such application, questionnaire or other documentation required by this Title.

Historical Note

Former Rule 3; Former Section R4-15-03 renumbered as Section R4-15-103 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-103 recodified from R4-15-103 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-104. Repealed

Historical Note

Former Rule 4; Former Section R4-15-04 renumbered as Section R4-15-104 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Repealed effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-104 recodified from R4-15-104 (Supp. 95-1).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Chapter 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-105. Knowledge of Law and Regulations

All licensees and their employees whose duties require or permit the handling of spirituous liquors shall be familiar with the liquor laws and the rules and regulations of the Director and of the State Liquor Board. It is the responsibility of the licensee to ensure that all employees acquire the aforementioned knowledge.

Historical Note

Former Rule 5; Former Section R4-15-05 renumbered as Section R4-15-105 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-105 recodified from R4-15-105 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-106. Service of Complaints for Judicial Review Complaints for judicial review of a Director's or Board decision shall be served on the Director at the Department's office in Phoenix, Arizona.

Historical Note

Former Rule 6; Former Section R4-15-06 renumbered as Section R4-15-106 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Amended effective July 11, 1983 (Supp. 83-4). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-106 recodified from R4-15-106 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions

of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-107. Rehearing or Review of Decision

- A. A decision of the Director made pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-210 is an initial agency decision. If that decision is appealed to the Board, the determination by the Board, or by a panel established pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-111(D), shall be the final review of the agency decision and subsections (B) through (H) shall not apply.
- **B.** If the Board makes the initial agency decision, except as provided in subsection (H), any party in a contested case before the Board who is aggrieved by that decision may file with the Board, not later than 15 days after service of the decision, a written motion for rehearing or review of the decision specifying the particular grounds therefor. For purposes of this subsection, a decision shall be deemed to have been served when personally delivered or mailed by certified mail to the party at his last known residence or place of business.
- C. A motion for rehearing under this rule may be amended at any time before it is ruled upon by the Board. A response may be filed within 10 days after service of such a motion or amended motion by any other party. The Board may require the filing of written briefs upon the issues raised in the motion and may provide for oral argument.
- D. A rehearing review of the decision may be granted for any of the following causes materially affecting the moving party's rights:
 - Irregularity in the administrative proceedings of the agency or its hearing officer or the prevailing party, or any order or abuse of discretion, whereby the moving party was deprived or a fair hearing;
 - Misconduct of the Board or its hearing officer or the prevailing party;
 - Accident or surprise which could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence;
 - Newly discovered material evidence which could not with reasonable diligence have been discovered and produced at the original hearing;
 - 5. Excessive or insufficient penalties;
 - Error in the admission or rejection of evidence or other errors of law occurring at the administrative hearing; or
 - That the decision is not justified by the evidence or is contrary to law.
- E. The Board may affirm or modify the decision or grant a rehearing to all or any of the parties and on all or part of the issues for any of the reasons set forth in subsection (D). An order granting a rehearing shall specify with particularity the ground or grounds on which the rehearing is granted, and the rehearing shall cover only those matters so specified.
- F. Not later than 15 days after a decision is rendered, the Board may on its own initiative order a rehearing or review of its decision for any reason for which it might have granted a rehearing on motion of a party. After giving the parties or their counsel notice and an opportunity to be heard on the matter, the Board may grant a motion for rehearing for a reason not

- stated in the motion. In either case the order granting such a rehearing shall specify the grounds therefor.
- **G.** When a motion for rehearing is based upon affidavits, they shall be served with the motion. An opposing party may within ten days after such service serve opposing affidavits, which period may be extended for an additional period not exceeding 20 days by the Board for good cause shown or by written stipulation of the parties. Reply affidavits may be permitted.
- H. If in a particular decision the Board makes specific findings that the immediate effectiveness of such decision is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety and that a rehearing or review of the decision is impracticable, unnecessary or contrary to the public interest, the decision may be issued as a final decision without an opportunity for a rehearing or review. If a decision is issued as a final decision without an opportunity for rehearing, any application for judicial review of the decision shall be made within the time limits permitted for application for judicial review of the Board's final decision.
- I. For purposes of this Section the terms "contested case" and "party" shall have the meaning defined in A.R.S. § 41-1001.

Historical Note

Adopted effective April 26, 1977 (Supp. 77-2). Former Section R4-15-07 renumbered as Section R4-15-107 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Amended effective January 28, 1987 (Supp. 87-1). R19-1-107 recodified from R4-15-107 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-108. Reserved

R19-1-109. Quota license selection process

- A. For the purpose of randomly selecting applicants to be considered for the issuance of Series 06, Series 07 and Series 09 liquor licenses, a random selection method using a mechanical device shall be employed.
- **B.** The random selection method shall consist of a drawing to be conducted in the following manner:
 - The name of each applicant shall be placed on forms of equal size and color provided by the Department.
 - The forms then shall be deposited in a transparent container (from which the drawing shall take place).
 - Sequentially numbered balls shall be deposited in a second transparent container. The number of plastic balls shall be equal to the number of licenses available plus an equal number of runners up.
 - 4. Names shall be randomly drawn from the transparent container. As each name is drawn, a number will be matched with the name of the applicant drawn.
 - 5. The drawing and matching of an applicant's name to a number will determine the order in which an applicant will be considered for a license. Runners up shall be eligible for consideration as licensees in the event that a successful applicant chooses not to be considered or is disqualified. Such consideration shall be in numerical order.
 - Applicants whose names are not drawn and matched with a number shall be deemed unsuccessful applicants.

Historical Note

Adopted as an emergency effective September 30, 1981, pursuant to A.R.S. § 1003, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 81-5). Former Section R4-15-09, Quota license selection process, adopted as an emergency, renumbered as Section R4-15-109, expired (Supp. 82-5). Adopted effective

December 9, 1982 (Supp. 82-6). Spelling correction, subsection (B), paragraph (3) to adoption effective December 9, 1982 (Supp. 87-1). R19-1-109 recodified from R4-15-109 (Supp. 95-1).

R19-1-110. Reserved

R19-1-111. Election of Officers

The Board shall elect a chairman and vice chairman annually in February of each year. In the event of a vacancy in either office, an election for that office shall be held at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting.

Historical Note

Adopted effective March 3, 1993 (Supp. 93-1). R19-1-111 recodified from R4-15-111 (Supp. 95-1).

ARTICLE 2. DIRECTOR

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-201. Definitions

In this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- "Business establishment or premises" means the real property and improvements from which an enterprise or organized undertaking is conducted regularly for profit.
- "Entertainment", for purposes of A.R.S. § 4-244.05 only, means any form of amusement including, but not limited to, a performance of theater, dance or opera, musical concerts, motion pictures, videotapes, audiotapes, radio, television, carnivals, games of chance or skill, shows, lectures, or sports events.
- 3. "Food" means any edible substance for the nourishment of the body and consists of hot fare commonly ordered at lunch or dinner prepared at the premises.
- "Membership fee" or "cover charge" means any consideration, direct or indirect, paid to the business establishment by patrons to gain entry.
- "Minimum purchase" or "rental requirement" means an amount of money or other consideration required to be paid by patrons of the business establishment as a condition to enter or remain on the premises.
- "Goods or services" includes all types of commodities, stock, or wares, and any method of providing the use of something needed or desired.
- 7. "Incidental convenience" means the goodwill the business receives from permitting patrons to possess and consume a minimal amount of spirituous liquor while they are present to obtain the goods or services regularly offered to all patrons.
- "Small restaurant" means a public eating place which has facilities for keeping, preparing, and cooking foods for lunch or dinner and accommodations to provide food service for up to 40 persons.
- 9. "Catering establishment" means any premises available for hire for a particular function, occasion, or event and which furnishes food and service for up to 300 persons.
- "Association" means an organization of persons having common interests and purposes, established as a non-

profit corporation or fraternal and/or benevolent society, which owns, leases or occupies a premises used exclusively for the organization's purposes, which operates for recreational, social, patriotic, political, benevolent, or athletic purposes, and which has accommodations for less than 300 persons.

- "Private social function" means any occasional communal affair, gathering, or party occurring at a business establishment is limited to selected, invited guests.
- 12. "Front entrance" means the door commonly used by the general public as entrance to an establishment.

Historical Note

Former Rule 1; Former Section R4-15-20 renumbered as Section R4-15-201 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R-19-1-201 recodified from R4-15-201 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996, as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19 (Supp. 96-4). Historical note corrected for clarification. Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-201 recodified to R19-1-314; new Section R19-1-201 recodified from R19-1-301 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-202. Intrastate shipping requirements

No person, corporation, partnership or concern, whether or not licensed under the provision of Title 4, A.R.S., shall ship or offer for shipment or transportation to any point within this state from any other point within the state, any container, package or parcel, containing spirituous liquors unless said container, package or parcel shall in a conspicuous place show the name of the consignor or shipper and the name and address of the consignee or addressee in an equally conspicuous place showing that said container, package or parcel contains spirituous liquor. All of the aforesaid requirements shall be in the English language.

Historical Note

Former Rule 2; Former Section R4-15-21 renumbered as Section R4-15-202 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-202 recodified from R4-15-202 (Supp. 95-1).

R19-1-203. Intrastate shipping requirements

With the exception of beer, no spirituous liquor shall be transported in wholesale from the place where sold for delivery to the purchaser unless the person in charge of the vehicle in which such spirituous liquors are to be transported shall, during the transportation, have in his possession a bona fide bill or memorandum from the seller to the purchaser showing the name and address of the seller and the purchaser and the quantity and character of the beverages sold and transported. Upon the demand of any person having the authority of a police officer, constable or sheriff, the person in charge of such transportation shall exhibit the bill or memorandum.

Historical Note

Former Rule 3; Former Section R4-15-22 renumbered as Section R4-15-203 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-203 recodified from R4-15-203 (Supp. 95-1).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file

or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-204. Interstate Shipping, Importation, Labeling, Solicitation, Advertising

- A. No person, corporation, partnership or concern shall ship or offer for shipment or transportation to any place within this state from any place without this state any container, package or parcel containing spirituous liquor including beer and wine, unless the same shall be consigned to a licensed Arizona spirituous liquor wholesaler.
- B. Nothing in this rule shall be construed to interfere with through-interstate shipments of spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, originating outside the state and destined to points in other states, when passing through this state in the custody and under the control of a duly authorized common carrier or transportation company.
- C. No person shall ship or introduce into this state any spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, unless such spirituous liquors shall be, from the time they are shipped or introduced into this state until they are delivered to the consignee, in the possession of a duly authorized common carrier or transportation company, except that licensed Arizona wholesalers may transport spirituous liquors for themselves in vehicles owned, leased or rented by such wholesalers when authorized to do so by the Director.
- D. No person, common carrier or transportation company or any other concern shall bring, ship, transport or introduce into this state in any manner whatsoever any spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, unless they are duly consigned to a bona fide Arizona spirituous liquor wholesaler having a license to sell or traffic in at wholesale the particular spirituous liquors so transported and introduced.
- E. No person, common carrier or transportation company shall deliver any interstate shipment consisting of any parcel package or container of any description containing spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, to any premises other than those premises described and set forth in the license of a duly licensed Arizona spirituous liquor wholesaler, licensed to sell or traffic in the particular liquor so delivered.
- No manufacturer, distiller, brewer, vintner or wholesaler or any officer, director, agent or employee of any such business directly or indirectly or through an affiliate shall sell, ship or deliver for sale or shipment or receive or remove from customs custody for consumption any spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, in bottles, unless such products are bottled, packaged, and labeled in conformity with the labeling regulations prescribed by the Federal Alcoholic Administration or any other regulations adopted by the Federal Alcoholic Administration or any other regulations adopted by the government of the United States, officer, bureau, or agency thereof. Any amendments or changes in the Federal Alcohol Administration Act or any other regulations adopted by the government of the United States, officer, bureau or agency thereof pertaining to labeling are hereby made a part of this rule without further adoption by the Department.
- G. No person shall send or cause to be sent into this state any letter, postcard, circular, dodger, pamphlet or publication, the purpose of which is the solicitation of an order for any spirituous liquor from and the shipment to any consumer or retail dealer within the state of Arizona.
- **H.** No person shall issue or publish or cause to be issued or published in this state any letter, postcard, circular, pamphlet or publication containing any advertisement, the purpose or intent of which is the solicitation of an order for any spirituous

liquors from any consumer or retailer, where such solicitation is contrary to the laws of this state and the rules of the Director which provide for the shipment of spirituous liquors into this state only when consigned to a duly licensed Arizona spirituous liquor wholesaler who is licensed to sell the particular liquor or liquors so advertised, and only when consigned and delivered to such spirituous liquor wholesaler at the address described and set forth in his license.

I. Nothing contained in subsections (G) or (H) shall be construed to prevent newspapers or other publications having circulation in Arizona from accepting institutional advertising from any distillery, brewery, winery, rectifier, or distributor.

Historical Note

Former Rule 4; Amended effective September 10, 1979 (Supp. 79-5). Former Section R4-15-23 renumbered as Section R4-15-204 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-204 recodified from R4-15-204 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5252, effective November 2, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Former Section R19-1-204 recodified to R19-1-210; new Section R19-1-204 recodified from R19-1-220 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-205. License Restriction Audits

The licensee shall comply with all the requirements for the type of license issued for their establishment. The Department has the discretion to conduct liquor inspections to verify compliance and, if necessary, order an audit of the business for validation.

Historical Note

Former Rule 5; Former Section R4-15-24 renumbered as Section R4-15-205 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-205 recodified from R4-15-205 (Supp. 95-1). Former Section R19-1-205 recodified to R19-1-211; new Section R19-1-205 recodified from R19-1-253 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed and a new Section adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6), pursuant to Laws 1993, Ch. 133, § 49. Exemption from A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6 means that the Department did not submit notice of this rule-making to the Secretary of State's Office for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register; the Department did not submit these rules to the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; the Department was not required to hold public hearings on these rules; and the Attorney General did not certify these rules.

R19-1-206. Inducements, Prohibited

No on-sale retail licensee shall directly or indirectly offer or furnish any gifts, prizes, coupons, premiums, rebates or assumption of any excise, transaction privilege tax or similar inducements wherein the purchase or consumption of any spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, is required to become eligible to receive such gifts, prizes, coupons, premiums, rebates or assumption of any excise, transaction privilege tax or similar inducements. It is provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit on-sale retail licensees from furnishing advertising novelties of nominal value or services which are customarily trade practices, so long as such furnishing is not contingent upon the purchase or consumption of spirituous liquors or any other alcoholic beverage.

Historical Note

Former Rule 6; Former Section R4-15-25 renumbered as Section R4-15-206 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective May 26, 1993, under an exemption from A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, pursuant to Laws 1993, Ch. 133, § 49 (Supp. 93-2). R19-1-206 recodified from R4-15-206 (Supp. 95-1). Former Section R19-1-206 recodified to R19-1-221; new Section R19-1-206 recodified from R19-1-217 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-207. Bottles, Reuse or Refilling Prohibited

No liquor bottle or other container authorized by the laws of the United States or any agency thereof shall be reused for the packaging of distilled spirits, nor shall the original contents, or any portion of such original contents, remaining in a liquor bottle or other such authorized container, be increased by the addition of any substance.

Historical Note

Former Rule 7; Former Section R4-15-26 renumbered as Section R4-15-207 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-207 recodified from R4-15-207 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). New Section R19-1-207 recodified from R19-1-221 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-208. Hotel/Motel/Restaurant Requirements

A Hotel/Motel licensee and a Restaurant licensee must maintain complete restaurant services as defined under A.R.S. §§ 4-205.01, and 4-205.02, continually during the hours of selling and serving spirituous liquors. Restaurant services, as defined under these statutes, is compulsory to 10 p.m. daily if any spirituous liquors are to be sold and served to the legal hours. A requested meal which is refused during these hours will constitute sufficient evidence that the licensed business has ceased to operate as a bona fide restaurant.

Historical Note

Former Rule 8; Former Section R4-15-27 renumbered as Section R4-15-208 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-208 recodified from R4-15-208 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996, as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19 (Supp. 96-4). Historical note corrected for clarification. Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-208 recodified to R19-1-219; new Section R19-1-208 recodified from R19-1-231 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-209. Tax requirements

No licensed wholesaler or retailer shall have in his possession or sell any spirituous liquors on which the state luxury taxes have not been accounted for as provided by law and upon which all federal taxes imposed by law have not been paid.

Historical Note

Former Rule 9; Former Section R4-15-28 renumbered as Section R4-15-209 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-209 recodified from R4-15-209 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-209 recodified to R19-1-232; new Section R19-1-209 recodified from R19-1-210 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-210. Sign Limitations

- A. A person, firm, or corporation engaged in business as a manufacturer, distiller, brewer, vintner, or wholesaler or any officer, director, agent, or employee of such person may lend, to the retailer any sign for interior or exterior use provided:
 - The sign must bear conspicuous and substantial advertising matter about a product of the manufacturer, distiller, brewer, vintner, or wholesaler.
 - 2. The cost of the sign may not exceed \$400.
 - A sign may not be utilitarian except as to its advertising or information content.
 - 4. No such signs shall be offered or furnished by any manufacturer, distiller, brewer, vintner or wholesaler or by any officer, director, agent, or employee thereof, or by any other person as an inducement to the retailer to purchase or use the products of such manufacturer, distiller, brewer, vintner or wholesaler to the exclusion in whole or in part of the product of any competitor.
- B. No signs or other advertising matter used in connection with the licensed premises of any retailer of alcoholic beverages shall be obscene as determined by applying contemporary state standards.

C. Licensed special events are not subject to the limitations of subsections (A)(1) through (3).

Historical Note

Former Rule 10; Former Section R4-15-29 renumbered as Section R4-15-210 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-210 recodified from R4-15-210 (Supp. 95-1). Former Section R19-1-210 recodified to R19-1-209; new Section R19-1-210 recodified from R19-1-204 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-211. Draught beer signs

Every licensee who shall dispense any draught beer shall, upon the faucet, spigot or outlet from which said beer is drawn, attach and keep posted a clear and legible notice, placard or marker which shall in the English language indicate and declare the name or brand adopted by the manufacturer of such draught beer so dispensed by such licensee, and such notice, placard, or marker shall be so situated as to be clearly legible for a distance of at least ten feet from such spigot, faucet or outlet to a person with normal vision, and such notice, sign, or placard shall at all times be so situated as to be clearly legible from the place where such licensee serves any customer or consumer of such beer, and provided further that if such faucet, spigot, or other drawing device is in a location not within the room of the place of service and consumption of such beer, then and in that event there shall also be kept posted a similar notice, placard or marker in the place of service and consumption of such beer which shall truthfully state and indicate only the kinds and brands of draught beer actually on sale in the premises of said licensee.

Historical Note

Former Rule 11; Former Section R4-15-30 renumbered as Section R4-15-211 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-211 recodified from R4-15-211 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-211 recodified to R19-1-224; new Section R19-1-211 recodified from R19-1-205 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-212. Advertising, Misleading

No licensee shall label for sale any spirituous liquor which is dispensed through equipment that would directly or indirectly lead the public to believe they are purchasing a brand, grade, or class of spirituous liquor, including beer and wine, which is actually not being sold or used.

Historical Note

Former Rule 12; Former Section R4-15-31 renumbered as Section R4-15-212 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-212 recodified from R4-15-212 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). New Section R19-1-212 recodified from R19-1-228 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-213. Clothing Requirements, Employees

A. No licensee shall, on the licensed premises:

- Employ or use any person as an entertainer or in the sale
 or service of alcoholic beverages in or upon the licensed
 premises while such person is unclothed or in such attire,
 costume or clothing as to expose to view any portion of
 the areola of the female breast or any portion of his or her
 pubic hair, anus, cleft of the buttocks, vulva, or genitals;
- Employ or use the services of any hostess or other person to mingle with the patrons while such hostess or other person is unclothed or in such attire, costume or clothing as described in subsection (A)(1);
- 3. Encourage or permit any person on the licensed premises to touch, caress, or fondle the breasts, buttocks, anus, or genitals of any other person; or
- Permit any employee or person to wear or use any device or covering exposed to view, which simulates the breast, genitals, anus, pubic hair, or any portion thereof.
- **B.** If any provision of this rule or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of the rule which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this rule are severable.

Historical Note

Former Rule 13; Former Section R4-15-32 renumbered as Section R4-15-213 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-213 recodified from R4-15-213 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997; amended again effective June 10, 1997. Both amendments were made under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-213 recodified to R19-1-234; new Section R19-1-213 recodi-

fied from R19-1-235 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed and a new Section adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1991, Ch. 136, § 2 and 3. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed and new Section adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-214. Sex Acts Prohibited, Real or Simulated

No licensee shall permit, on the licensed premises, any person to perform acts of or acts which constitute or simulate:

- Sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts which are prohibited by law;
- The touching, caressing, or fondling of the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals;
- 3. The displaying of any portion of the areola of the female breast, or any portion of his or her pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals; or
- Any violation enumerated in A.R.S. Title 13, Chapter 14, Sexual Offenses, including the following sections:
 - a. 13-1402: indecent exposure; classifications;
 - b. 13-1403: public sexual indecency; public sexual indecency to a minor; classifications;
 - c. 13-1404: sexual abuse; classifications;
 - d. 13-1405: sexual conduct with a minor; classifications;
 - e. 13-1406: sexual assault; classification; increased punishment;
 - f. 13-1406.01: sexual assault of a spouse; definition, violation, classification;
 - g. 13-1410: molestation of child; classification;
 - h. 13-1411: crime against nature; classification;
 - i. 13-1412: lewd and lascivious acts; classifications.

Historical Note

Former Rule 14; Former Section R4-15-33 renumbered as Section R4-15-214 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Former Section R4-15-214 repealed, new Section R4-15-214 adopted effective April 26, 1984 (Supp. 84-2). R19-1-214 recodified from R4-15-214 (Supp. 95-1). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective April 1, 1992, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1991, Ch. 136, §§ 2 and 3; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-214 recodified to R19-1-235; new Section R19-1-214 recodified from R19-1-236 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-215. Obscene Films, Pictures Prohibited

No licensee shall permit, on the licensed premises, the showing of film, slide pictures, or any other electronic reproduction depicting:

- Acts or simulated acts of sexual intercourse, masturbation, sodomy, bestiality, oral copulation, flagellation, or any sexual acts which are prohibited by law;
- Any person, being touched, caressed, or fondled on the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals;
- Scenes wherein a person displays any portion of the areola of the female breast or any portion of his or her pubic hair, anus, vulva, or genitals; or
- Scenes wherein artificial devices or inanimate objects are employed to depict any of the prohibited activities described above.

Historical Note

Former Rule 15; Former Section R4-15-34 renumbered as Section R4-15-215 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-215 recodified from R4-15-215 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-215 recodified to R19-1-225; new Section R19-1-215 recodified from R19-1-237 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-216. Age Restrictions

No licensee, or employee thereof, shall employ a person under the age of 19 as an exotic entertainer. This rule shall be effective January 1, 1991.

Historical Note

Former Rule 16; Former Section R4-15-35 renumbered as Section R4-15-216 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-216 recodified from R4-15-216 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-216 recodified to R19-1-222; new Section R19-1-216 recodified from R19-1-255 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-217. Display of License

All licensees shall display their liquor license in a conspicuous place readily available for inspection by any peace officer, distributor, or wholesaler.

Historical Note

Former Rule 17; Former Section R4-15-36 renumbered as Section R4-15-217 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-217 recodified from R4-15-

217 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-217 recodified to R19-1-206; new Section R19-1-217 recodified from R19-1-248 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-218. Records, Keeping of

All licensees shall keep for a period of not less than 2 years all invoices, records, bills and other papers and documents relating to the purchase, sale and delivery of alcoholic beverages. Such records and papers shall be kept in such conditions of storage as to be easily accessible to the Director or any peace officer designated by the Director for examination or audit.

Historical Note

Former Rule 18; Former Section R4-15-37 renumbered as Section R4-15-218 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-218 recodified from R4-15-218 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-218 recodified to R19-1-305; new Section R19-1-218 recodified from R19-1-222 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-219. Storage on Unlicensed Premises

No licensee shall have consigned to him, receive or accept the delivery of or keep in storage any spirituous liquors upon any premises other than those described in his license without first having obtained written authorization from the Director.

Historical Note

Former Rule 19; Former Section R4-15-38 renumbered as Section R4-15-219 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-219 recodified from R4-15-219 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14,

1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-219 recodified to R19-1-306; new Section R19-1-219 recodified from R19-1-208 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-220. Liquors other than authorized by license

No licensee, either through himself or through an agent, shall sell, solicit, or receive an order, keep or expose for sale, deliver for value, peddle, keep with intent to sell or traffic in or have for any purposes upon his licensed premises any spirituous liquors other than those set forth in his license.

Historical Note

Former Rule 20; Former Section R4-15-39 renumbered as Section R4-15-220 effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5).* R19-1-220 recodified from R4-15-220 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997; amended again effective June 10, 1997. Both amendments were exempt from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-220 recodified to R19-1-204; new Section R19-1-220 recodified from R19-1-229 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-221. Retail Delivery of Spirituous Liquor

A. Definitions.

- 1. "Delivery" means the delivery of spirituous liquor pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-203(M) and this rule.
- "Identification" means an unexpired driver's license issued by any state, an identification license issued pursuant to A.R.S. § 28-421.01, an armed services identification card or a valid unexpired passport showing a date of birth, with a photograph of the person named, on the identification.
- "Licensee" means a retail licensee permitted to deliver spirituous liquor pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-203(M) or an employee of such licensee.

- 4. "Time of delivery" means when the person to whom delivery is made obtains physical possession of the spirituous liquor.
- "Title 4" means Title 4 of the Arizona Revised Statutes and all rules under said Title.
- **B.** A licensee shall make a record of delivery at the time of delivery on a form approved by the Department. The record of delivery shall be retained by the licensee for at least two years.
- **C.** The form shall include:
 - The licensee's business name, address and liquor license number;
 - 2. The date and time of delivery;
 - 3. The address where delivered;
 - 4. The type and brand of spirituous liquor delivered.
 - 5. The printed name and signature of the person making delivery,
 - The printed name and signature of the person accepting delivery.
 - 7. The type and serial number of the identification, and date of birth, for the person accepting delivery.
- D. A licensee making delivery shall be liable for any violation of Title 4 in connection with such delivery with special emphasis on the following:
 - 1. Delivery shall only be made by a person at least 21 years
 - 2. Delivery shall only be made during the hours of lawful service of spirituous liquor.
 - Delivery shall not be made to an intoxicated or disorderly person.
 - 4. Delivery shall only be made after identification has been shown by the person accepting delivery, the identification shows the person is of legal drinking age, and the information required to be recorded by this rule has been recorded.
 - 5. Delivery shall not be made to the licensed premises of a retailer
- **E.** A licensee making delivery shall refuse to complete a delivery at any time prior to the time of delivery, if the licensee believes such delivery would constitute a violation of Title 4.

Historical Note

Former Rule 21; Former Section R4-15-40 renumbered as Section R4-15-221 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-221 recodified from R4-15-221 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-221 recodified to R19-1-207; new Section R19-1-221 recodified from R19-1-206 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-222. Suspension, Adherence to Rules of

During the suspension of a license, the licensee shall not allow, permit, or suffer the sale, service, delivery, or consumption of any spirituous liquor on or about the licensed premises, nor order or receive delivery of any spirituous liquor. The notice of suspension shall be prominently displayed on the premises at all times during the period of suspension.

Historical Note

Former Rule 22; Former Section R4-15-41 renumbered as Section R4-15-222 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R 19-1-222 recodified from R4-15-222 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-222 recodified to R19-1-218; new Section R19-1-222 recodified from R19-1-216 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed and a new Section adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed and a new Section adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-223. Closure Due to Violence

A licensed place of business may be required to close its doors and stop sales of alcoholic beverages to the public or allow any person on the premises, with the exception of the owners, employees and officers of the law, during the time that it may appear to the Director that violence might occur.

Historical Note

Former Rule 23; Former Section R4-15-42 renumbered as Section R4-15-223 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-223 recodified from R4-15-223 (Supp. 95-1). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-223 recodified to R19-1-312; new Section R19-1-223 recodified from R19-1-226 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-224. Seizure, Liquors

Any spirituous liquors that shall be imported, transported, stored, sold or offered for sale, kept with the intent to sell or traffic in or be used in any manner whatsoever contrary to the law or to the rules of the Director or the board shall be subject to seizure by any peace officer.

Historical Note

Former Rule 24; Former Section R4-15-43 renumbered as Section R4-15-224 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R-19-1-224 recodified from R4-15-224 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). New Section R19-1-224 recodified from R19-1-211 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-225. Credit Law Exception

Wholesalers, distillers, brewers, and vintners licensed by this Department making sales of spirituous liquor to other licensed wholesalers, distillers, brewers and vintners shall be exempt from the credit restriction of A.R.S. § 4-242. The intention of this rule is to permit such licensees the same privileges as out-of-state licensees and to prevent discrimination against Arizona licensees in accordance with the established trade customs in this state.

Historical Note

Former Rule 25; Former Section R4-15-44 renumbered as Section R4-15-225 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-225 recodified from R4-15-225 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-225 recodified to R19-1-307; new Section R19-1-225 recodified from R19-1-215 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-226. Commercial Coercion and Bribery

- A. It shall be unlawful for a wholesaler, distiller, vintner, brewer, or importer to induce a retailer to purchase spirituous liquor from the producer or wholesaler to the exclusion, in whole or in part, of spirituous liquor sold or offered for sale by other persons through any of the following means:
 - By furnishing, giving, renting, lending, or selling to a retail licensee, articles of primary utilitarian value including, but not limited to, the following: clocks, service

lamps, ash trays, coasters, napkins, beer mats, book matches, menu cards, folders, meal checks, container mats, back bar mats, thermometers, jiggers, stirring spoons, pouring spoons, glasses, glassware, or any other item potentially useful to the retailer in the conduct of his or her business except as provided elsewhere in these rules

- By furnishing financing or credit for the retail licensee to acquire or provide any part of the cost of equipment used or useful to a retail licensee through the sale of a product or otherwise.
- 3. By providing any service, including the stocking and pricing of merchandise, to a retail licensee; provided, however, that the practices set forth in subsection (B) of this rule shall not be unlawful.
- By paying or crediting a retail licensee for any promotion, advertising, displaying, public relations, or distribution services or by participating or sharing with a retail licensee any promotion or advertising costs through any media.
- By directly or indirectly guaranteeing a loan or repayment of a financial obligation to a retail licensee or by providing any monetary assistance in any form as an aid to a retail licensee.
- By directly or indirectly entering into any form of credit transaction with a retail licensee.
- By directly or indirectly engaging in any practice requiring a retail licensee to take and dispose of a quota of spirituous liquors.
- By directly or indirectly engaging in practices promising or granting a retail licensee a bonus, premium or other compensation by a distillery, vintner, brewery, rectifier, blender, or other producer or the wholesaler.
- **B.** The following practices are not unlawful inducements as defined by A.R.S. § 4-243(2)(b):
 - Stocking a limited supply of spirituous liquors in what is commonly known as "cold box".
 - 2. Rotating spirituous liquors.
 - 3. Furnishing advertising novelties of nominal value, such as key chains, sports schedules, recreation guides, cocktail specialty books, or other items which are not directly utilized in the operation of a retail licensee's business by the wholesaler to the retailer.
 - Furnishing on-sale retail licensees with equipment necessary to operate a draft box and servicing and repairing those items of equipment to retain the quality of the product.

Historical Note

Former Rule 26; Former Section R4-15-45 renumbered as Section R4-15-226 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-226 recodified from R4-15-226 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-226 recodified to R19-1-223; new Section R19-1-226 recodified from R19-1-245 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the

Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-227. Microbrewery/Retail

For purposes of A.R.S. § 4-243, a microbrewery is considered an "other producer".

Historical Note

Former Rule 27; Former Section R4-15-46 renumbered as Section R4-15-227 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-227 recodified from R4-15-227 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). New Section R19-1-227 recodified from R19-1-254 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-228. Exceptions to General Rule

- A. The following are exceptions in which producers/wholesalers may furnish to the retailer something of value, as long as the retailer is not induced to purchase spirituous liquor from the producer/wholesaler to the exclusion, in whole or in part, of spirituous liquor sold or offered for sale by other persons.
- **B.** Licensed special events
 - 1. A producer/wholesaler may participate in an event at which liquor is sold by furnishing advertising, sponsorship, services, or other things of value as long as:
 - a. The event has been issued a special event license.
 - b. The special event license was issued to a civic, religious, or fraternal group, but not a political group.
 - c. If the event is being held at a location that is a licensed retail location nothing of value is left at the location or given to the retailer or retail employees at or following the event.
 - A producer/wholesaler may donate, but not sell directly
 to the group issued the special event license as long as it
 is not a political group. If the special event licensee is
 buying spirituous liquor at retail to resell, the wholesaler
 may invoice the sale through a retailer following completion of the event.
 - 3. At a location issued a special event license spirituous liquor sales may be handled in the following ways:
 - In the case of an otherwise unlicensed location the nonprofit group is responsible for sales of spirituous liquor.
 - b. In case of a licensed retail location one of the following may occur:
 - During the special event the regular licensee ceases all sales of spirituous liquor and the nonprofit group is responsible for all sales of spirituous liquor.
 - ii. During the special event the regular licensee conducts all dispensing/serving under the regular retail license and the nonprofit group does none. The regular licensee is responsible for proper service. The liquor dispensed is that purchased by the retailer from the wholesaler.

- iii. During the special event the regular licensee conducts all dispensing/serving under the special event license and the nonprofit group does none. The regular licensee and the special event licensee are responsible. The spirituous liquor dispensed is that purchased/donated by/to the special event licensee.
- iv. During the special event the licensed location is split into an area in which the regular licensee exclusively dispenses and is responsible for all spirituous liquor sales and another separate area in which the nonprofit group exclusively dispenses and is responsible for all spirituous liquor sales.

C. Resets; rotations; displays

- 1. The producer/wholesaler may stock, reset, and rotate at the retail establishment any product that he or she sells to the retailer. Such stocking may include pricing, cleaning shelves, furnishing point of sale written advertising that includes pricing data (as long as it complies with sign limitations), rotating product, cleaning product, or otherwise preparing the product for sale at the point of sale, but may not perform these functions in warm or cold storage areas from which the consumers may not purchase product. Retailers shall not require stock reset or rotation as a condition of shelf space, cold box space, or product display space.
- 2. A producer/wholesaler may furnish reset services as long as a representative of each affected wholesaler is invited to attend such reset by the retailer with reasonable notice not less than 2 working days before the reset and the retailer consents to the reset. As part of the reset the producer/wholesaler may move his or her own product or that of a competitor.
- A producer/wholesaler may set up a display of his or her product and may with the consent of the retailer move a competitor's product and may move nonalcoholic products or items as necessary to set up the display.
- No retail display may consist of an item of potential utilitarian value to the retailer or any person after March 1, 1987, facsimiles are acceptable.

D. Furnishing retail customers with items of value

- 1. A producer/wholesaler may furnish to retail customers advertising novelties which are not directly utilized in the operation of the retail business. Each novelty must be of a value less than \$5.00. In addition, a producer/wholesaler may also furnish to retail customers of any retail establishment items greater than \$5.00 in value but not to exceed a total of \$100.00 in value during any 6:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m. period per establishment. The items must be given to the customer by the producer/wholesaler employee for each retail establishment and may not pass through the retailer's hands. None of the items may be given to the retailer or the retailer's employees or be left at the retail establishment.
- Sports schedules that list events at a licensed establishment are permitted.
- E. Refrigerated vehicles. A producer/wholesaler may furnish a refrigerated vehicle for an event at a licensed or unlicensed location if a special event license has been obtained (excluding political events) for the event. If there is no special event license no approval is granted. The vehicle may be used for storage and dispensing, but no producer/wholesaler personnel may dispense.
- F. Print advertising. Furnishing advertising copy (ad slicks) of nominal value is permissible.

- G. Sporting events. A producer/wholesaler may provide to a licensed retailer financial or other forms of event sponsorship, including advertising, if it is in conjunction with a sporting event and no item of utilitarian value remains with the retailer or at the retail location following the conclusion of the sporting event. Signs in connection with sporting events are not subject to value limitations.
- H. Tradeshows and convention. A producer/wholesaler may participate by sampling, sponsorship, advertising, or otherwise in tradeshows and conventions at licensed or unlicensed establishments in which there is no special event license as long as no regular licensee benefits other than by the promotion of the event itself. Sampling limitations apply, see subsection (Q).
- I. Concerts. A producer/wholesaler may participate by sponsorship, advertising, or otherwise in a concert at a licensed location with the capacity in excess of 500 persons as long as the regular licensee does not benefit other than by the promotion of the event itself.
- J. Wine or drink menus. A producer/wholesaler may furnish to a retailer wine or drink menus if the menus have no utilitarian value beyond that of a wine or drink menu and are made available to all retail accounts utilizing such menus.
- K. Tapping equipment. All items authorized by R19-1-241 are permitted for all alcoholic beverages.
- L. Driver sales. All alcoholic beverages may be sold without prior order from the retailer to the wholesaler, commonly called "driver sales".
- **M.** Coupons and rebates. Coupons and rebates may be distributed by any method including via point of sale, except a producer/ wholesaler may not list specific retailers or participate in a retailer's advertisement.
- N. Incentive programs between producers and wholesalers. Arizona law does not regulate incentive programs involving only producers and wholesalers.
- O. Participation at events without alcoholic beverages. The Department does not regulate the participation by producers/ wholesalers in events at which spirituous liquor is not sold, offered or served.
- **P.** Delivery to chain stores/co-ops. Quantity purchases of volume discounted products must be entirely delivered to the approved storage facility of the chain store or retail cooperative.
- Q. Malt Beverage Product returns. At the wholesaler's discretion, malt beverage products of a retail establishment that will be closed for thirty days or more may be exchanged, credited, or refunded. With permission of the director, a wholesaler may exchange, credit or refund malt beverage product that the retailer is discontinuing.
- **R.** Sampling by producers/wholesalers. Approved sampling procedures are:
 - Sampling operations must be conducted under the supervision of an employee of the sponsoring distiller, vintner, brewer, or wholesaler and accurate records of all sampling procedures and products must be retained.
 - Sampling at on-premises events or wholesaler's premises must be limited to 12 ounces of beer or "cooler" products, 6 ounces of wine, and 2 ounces of distilled spirits per person per brand.
 - Sampling at off-sale events must be limited to 72 ounces of beer, "cooler" or wine products, and 750 milliliters of distilled spirits per person per brand.
 - Sampling from a package with a broken seal may be conducted on on-sale and wholesaler's premises only. No package may be broken or contents consumed on off-sale premises.

- The wholesaler's representative, when requesting a retail on-sale licensee to prepare a drink for the customer, must pay the retail on-sale licensee for the sample drink.
- When sampling is conducted on off-sale premises, sampling wares must be distributed to the customer in sealed original packages only.
- The producer/wholesaler may not buy the retail licensee, or his or her employees, a drink during their working hours or while they are engaged in waiting on or serving customers.
- The producer/wholesaler may not give a keg of beer, or any spirituous liquor, or other gifts or benefits to a retail licensee.
- All sampling procedures must conform to federal sampling laws and rules.
- S. Market research programs. Bona fide market research via personal or mail intercept is authorized if:
 - The products being distributed are shipped through or obtained from an authorized licensed wholesaler.
 - 2. People handling the products are 19 years old or older.
 - 3. Participants are of legal drinking age.
 - The total amount of product being tested does not exceed 72 ounces of beer, "cooler", or wine product or 750 milliliters of distilled spirits.
- T. Registration of salespersons or solicitors A.R.S. § 4-222, which required the registration of producer/wholesaler salespersons and solicitors has been repealed. Registration applies to agents of retail cooperatives only.
- U. Holiday Decorations. A distiller, vintner, brewer, importer, producer, or wholesaler may give a retailer brand-identified, holiday decorations that have no utilitarian value to the retailer other than as a decoration.

Historical Note

Former Rule 28; Former Section R4-15-47 renumbered as Section R4-15-228 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-228 recodified from R4-15-228 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-228 recodified to R19-1-212; new Section R19-1-228 recodified from R19-1-250 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-229. Non-alcoholic Malt Beverages, Wines, and Cocktail Mixers

Malt products, wines, and cocktail mixers, that are non-alcoholic, may only be sold to retailers under the same rules that apply to the sale of spirituous liquors. For purpose of this Section "cocktail mixers" shall mean pre-prepared liquid or solid mixtures marketed primarily for mixing with spirituous liquor to prepare a beverage.

Historical Note

Former Rule 29; Former Section R4-15-48 renumbered as Section R4-15-229 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R-19-1-229 recodified from R4-15-229 (Supp. 95-1). Former Section R19-1-229 recodified to R19-1-220; new Section R19-1-229 recodified from R19-1-247 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable

notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-230. Tapping Equipment, Furnishing, Selling, and Servicing

- A. Beer manufacturers may sell to beer wholesalers and beer wholesalers may furnish to on-sale retail licensees the following items of equipment in the case of either an initial installation for a new account or a change over of equipment from one tapping system to another. Such equipment shall remain the property of the wholesaler.
 - 1. Approved equipment systems:

Peerless	Golden Gate
a. Tap Rod	a. CO ₂ Hose
b. Valve	b. Beer Hose
c. Beer Hose	c. Couplings
d. CO ₂ Hose	d. Vent
e. Washers	e. Taps
f. Couplings	f. Valves (Golden Gate)
g. Clamps	g. Clamps
-	h. Washers

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textit{Jet Western} & \textit{Hoff-Stevens} \\ \text{a. Jet Tap Assembly} & \text{a. CO}_2 \text{ Hose} \\ \text{b. Draw Tube} & \text{b. Beer Hose} \\ \text{c. Beer Hose} & \text{c. Couplings} \\ \text{d. CO}_2 \text{ Hose} & \text{d. Vent} \\ \text{e. Tail Pieces} & \text{e. Clamps or Wire} \\ \text{f. Shut-off Valve} & \text{f. Washers} \\ \end{array}$

- g. Washers h. Clamps
- 2. Other equipment systems -- Manufacturers may qualify other tapping systems by submitting the trade name and collateral apparatus to the Department for approval.
- **B.** Beer wholesalers may sell to on-sale licensees for cash only the following items of equipment at a price not less than the cost for which the wholesaler purchased the equipment:
 - CO₂ Gas;
 - 2. CO₂ Regulators;
 - 3. Facets;
 - 4. Shanks or Bent Tubes;
 - 5. Air Distributors;
 - 6. Blower assembly, beer switches, complete faucet standard, drip pan, P.V.C. pipe, or any item that is necessary to prepare a draught system for proper operation.
- **C.** A wholesaler may replace, at no charge to the retailer, bonnet washers, friction rings, valve stems, and coupling gaskets.
- **D.** If 1 wholesaler is splitting an account with another wholesaler, the wholesaler initiating the split will supply, if necessary, the inline regulator which will remain the wholesaler's property and will be removed if the account is discontinued.
- E. The wholesaler may maintain periodic cleaning schedules of on-sale retailers' draught equipment and may sell to the retailer any sanitizing materials utilized in the cleaning of draught beer equipment, at not less than cost.

Historical Note

Former Rule 30; Former Section R4-15-49 renumbered as Section R4-15-230 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-230 recodified from R4-15-230 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18

(Supp. 97-2). New Section R19-1-230 recodified from R19-1-241 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-231. Foodstuffs

A producer/wholesaler may sell foodstuffs to a retailer at a price agreed upon, but not less than the cost to the producer/wholesaler.

Historical Note

Former Rule 31; Former Section R4-15-50 renumbered as Section R4-15-231 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-231 recodified from R4-15-231 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-231 recodified to R19-1-208; new Section R19-1-231 recodified from R19-1-246 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-232. Broken Package Prohibited -- Off-sale Premises No off-sale retailer shall have upon his licensed premises any broken package of spirituous liquor, as defined by A.R.S. § 4-101. This rule applies to the actual container and not to the shipping case.

Historical Note

Former Rule 32; Former Section R4-15-51 renumbered as Section R4-15-232 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-232 recodified from R4-15-231 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). New Section R19-1-232 recodified from R19-1-209 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-233. Underage Persons on Licensed Premises

A. In addition to the exceptions in A.R.S. § 4-244 (23) regarding underage persons on licensed premises, underage persons may be on the premises of an on-sale retail licensee pursuant to subsections (B) and (C).

- **B.** Licensed premises with an occupancy of 1,000 or more persons, as determined by the fire marshall, wherein the primary purpose is not to sell spirituous liquors, that show live sporting events or live concerts where the audience is engaged in viewing such entertainment, may allow underage persons on the premises. The licensee may sell spirituous liquor to persons who are 21 years of age or older, pursuant to A.R.S. Title 4, Chapters 1, 2, and 3, and 19 A.A.C. 1. The Director may require a security plan to be approved by the Department to ensure that the underage persons do not purchase, possess or consume spirituous liquor on the premises.
- C. Licensed premises with an occupancy of fewer than 1,000 persons, as determined by the fire marshall, wherein the primary purpose is not to sell spirituous liquors, may allow underage persons on the premises for the purpose of viewing live sporting events or live concerts if during the time that underage persons are on the premises, underage persons are separated by a physical barrier that prevents them from entering portions of the premises where spirituous liquor is sold, possessed, or served; and prevents underage persons from receiving, purchasing, possessing, and/or consuming spirituous liquor. With the exception of A.R.S. § 4-244(23)(a), spirituous liquor is prohibited in the section devoted to underage persons.

Historical Note

Former Rule 33; Former Section R4-15-52 renumbered as Section R4-15-233 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-233 recodified from R4-15-233 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-233 recodified to R19-1-311; new Section R19-1-233 recodified from R19-1-305 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-234. Violence, Report of

A licensee upon whose licensed premises an act of violence occurs shall make a detailed, written report of such act of violence to be hand delivered or deposited in the U.S. Mail within 7 days of the act of violence to the Department, unless the act of violence was previously reported to a law enforcement agency pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-244(37). A licensee shall also report in the same manner, acts of violence involving patrons entering or leaving the licensed premises which occur immediately adjacent to the licensed premises when the licensee knew or reasonably should have known of such acts of violence.

Historical Note

Former Rule 34; Former Section R4-15-53 renumbered as Section R4-15-234 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-234 recodified from R4-15-234 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). New Section R19-1-234 recodified from R19-1-213 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002

(Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-235. Fetal Alcohol Sign Display

A. Definitions.

- "Liquor" means spirituous liquor as defined in A.R.S. § 4-101.27.
- "Room" means the licensed premises as defined in A.R.S. § 4-205.01(D).
- "Sign" means the warning sign required by A.R.S. § 4-251.

B. Placement of Signs.

- Each on sale retail liquor licensee shall conspicuously post a sign within 20 feet of each register where sales of liquor are made, or behind the bar.
- 2. In addition to the requirements of R19-1-214(B)(1):
 - a. A Hotel-Motel licensee shall post at least 1 state supplied sign on the inside of the door of each room containing a mini-bar, or offering alcoholic beverages through room service, or in the alternative, at their own expense, display the required warning in a space measuring at least 1 inch by 2 inches on a room service bar menu, or mini-bar cost list, placard, folder, advertisement tent, or similar item placed in each room so as to be readily observable.
 - b. A retail licensee using a mobile service device for the sale of liquor shall display the sign on such mobile serving device.
- Each off sale liquor licensee shall conspicuously post a sign where a customer obtains the liquor.

Historical Note

Former Rule 35; Former Section R4-15-54 renumbered as Section R4-15-235 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-235 recodified from R4-15-235 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Former Section R19-1-235 recodified to R19-1-213; new Section R19-1-235 recodified from R19-1-214 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-236. Recodified

Historical Note

Former Rule 36; Former Section R4-15-55 renumbered as Section R4-15-236 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5).* R19-1-236 recodified from R4-15-236 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Pro-

cedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-236 recodified to R19-1-214 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-237. Recodified

Historical Note

Former Rule 37; Former Section R4-15-56 renumbered as Section R4-15-237 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-237 recodified from R4-15-237 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-237 recodified to R19-1-215 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-238. Repealed

Historical Note

Former Rule 38; Former Section R4-15-57 renumbered as Section R4-15-238 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-238 recodified from R4-15-238 (Supp. 95-1). Repealed effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-239. Recodified

Historical Note

Former Section R4-15-58 renumbered as Section R4-15-239 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-239 recodified from R4-15-239 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-239 recodified to R19-1-302 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. Exemption from this Act means that the rule was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; the rule not submitted to the Secretary of State's Office for publication as a proposed rule in the Arizona Administrative Register; the public did not have an opportunity to comment on the rule; and the rule was not certified by the Attorney General.

R19-1-240. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective October 11, 1977 (Supp. 77-5). Repealed effective January 5, 1979 (Supp. 79-1). Former Section R4-15-59 renumbered as Section R4-15-240 effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Amended effective August 3, 1994, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act (Supp. 94-3). R19-1-240 recodified from R4-15-240 (Supp. 95-1). Section R19-1-240 recodified to R19-1-310 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was amended by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-241. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-241 recodified from R4-15-241 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-241 recodified to R19-1-230 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-242. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective April 9, 1979; Amended effective April 10, 1979 (Supp. 79-2). Former Section R4-15-61 renumbered as Section R4-15-242 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-242 recodified from R4-15-242 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Adminis-

trative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-242 recodified to R19-1-303 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-243. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective Aug. 2. 1982 (Supp. 82-4). Former Section R4-15-62 renumbered as Section R4-15-243 without change effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Correction, (A)(3)(a) (Supp. 83-3). R19-1-243 recodified from R4-15-243 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-243 recodified to R19-1-308 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-244. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective March 31, 1981 (Supp. 81-2). Former Section R4-15-63 renumbered as Section R4-15-2 without change effective October 9, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). R19-1-244 recodified from R4-15-244 (Supp. 95-1). Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-244 recodified to R19-1-309 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-245. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective January 29, 1982 (Supp. 82-1).

Former Section R4-15-64 renumbered and amended subsection (A), paragraph (1) effective October 8, 1982 (Supp. 82-5). Correction, (A)(1) and (4) (Supp. 83-3). R19-1-245 recodified from R4-15-245 (Supp. 95-1).

Amended effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-245 recodified to R19-1-226 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed and a new Section adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was repealed and a new Section adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-246. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted as an emergency effective Feb. 8, 1985 pursuant to A.R.S. SS 41-1003, valid for only 90 days (Supp. 85-1). Emergency expired. Adopted as a permanent rule effective Aug. 6, 1985 (Supp. 85-4). R19-1-246 recodified from R4-15-246 (Supp. 95-1). Section repealed, new Section adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-246 recodified to R19-1-231 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-247. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the

Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-247 recodified to R19-1-229 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-248. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-248 recodified to R19-1-217 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-249. Repealed

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Previous amendments were made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-250. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Amended by exempt rulemaking at 7 A.A.R. 5252, effective November 2, 2001 (Supp. 01-4). Section R19-1-250

recodified to R19-1-228 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-251. Repealed

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-252. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-252 recodified to R19-1-313 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-253. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-253 recodified to R19-1-205 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-254. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-254 recodified to R19-1-227 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22. The Office of the Secretary of State was not allowed by law to file or publish exempt rules when the Section was adopted by the Department. The Department has now filed this Section with the Office of the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 19.

R19-1-255. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Section R19-1-255 recodified to R19-1-216 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended and then repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4)

R19-1-256. Repealed

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997; repealed effective June 10, 1997. Both actions were exempt from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted under an exemption from the provisions of the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act. Exemption from this Act means that the rule was not reviewed by the Governor's Review Council; the rule was not submitted to the Secretary of State's Office for publication as a proposed rule in the Arizona Administrative Register; the public did

not have an opportunity to comment on the rule; and the rule was not certified by the Attorney General.

R19-1-257. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective August 3, 1994, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act (Supp. 94-3). R19-1-257 recodified from R4-15-257 (Supp. 95-1). Section R19-1-257 recodified to R19-1-304 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

ARTICLE 3. UNLICENSED PREMISES DEFINITIONS AND LICENSING TIME-FRAMES

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-301. Recodified

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997; amended again effective June 10, 1997. Both amendments were exempt from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Section R19-1-301 recodified to R19-1-201 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-302. Filing of Legal or Equitable Interest

- A. In accordance with A.R.S. § 4-112(B)(3), all persons having a legal or equitable interest in a spirituous liquor license shall file with the Director a statement of such interest on a form prescribed and furnished by the Department. Notice of termination of such interest shall be filed in writing by the interest holder upon final determination of the interest. Interest holders shall immediately file amended statements to reflect any change in the current statements presently on file.
- B. The Director may periodically, by notice to the holders of interests filed under this rule and under A.R.S. § 4-112(B)(3), require such interest holders to verify in writing to the Director that the statement presently on file is currently correct and accurate and, if not, such interest holder shall immediately file an amended statement or termination notice. If no response is

- received by the Director within 30 days of the mailing of such notice, the interest shall be deemed terminated.
- C. All persons having filed statements of interest in accordance with this rule and the statute shall be given notice of all matters, actions, or both, affecting or regarding the spirituous liquor license in which they have an interest.
- **D.** Notice as required in subsection (C) shall be fully effective by mailing a copy thereof by registered or certified mail in a sealed envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to such person at his address as shown by the statement on file with the Director. Service of such notice shall be complete when deposited in the U.S. Mail.
- E. All interest holders who are entitled to receive notice as provided for in this Article shall have the right to appear and participate in person and through counsel in any hearing held before the Board or Director affecting the subject spirituous liquor license as his interests may appear.
- **F.** The statement of legal or equitable interest shall allow the person filing said statement to participate in the proceedings and shall not in any manner bind the Director or the state Liquor Board concerning the matter under consideration.

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4). Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-302 recodified to R19-1-315; new Section R19-1-302 recodified from R19-1-239 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was repealed under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2). The Section was subsequently replaced by a new Section adopted through the regular rulemaking process.

R19-1-303. Retail Agents

The following shall apply in all cases where 2 or more licensees pool their purchases for alcoholic beverages from a wholesaler:

- Definition: For purposes of this rule, the term "Agent" means Registered Retail Agent as defined in A.R.S. § 4-101(28).
- For purposes of this rule, the term "cooperative purchases" shall indicate that 2 or more retailers have entered into an agreement whereby 1 of them is designated the agent for each of them for the purpose of purchasing spirituous liquors.
- 3. Any agreement between a retailer and agent to make "cooperative purchases" shall be in writing on a form prescribed by the Director. The Agreement must be filed with and approved by the Department. The Agreement should provide that, upon consummation of the sale by the wholesaler, title to the merchandise so purchased shall vest in each of the parties to the Agreement, in accordance with his proportionate share of the order. The Agreement shall be signed and dated by each party to the Agreement. Each party to the Agreement shall have a copy of the Agreement available for inspection by any

employee of the Department or any peace officer. The agent will be provided with a Certificate of Registration which shall be displayed upon the request of any employee of the Department, any peace officer, or any spirituous liquor licensee. The agent shall file a listing of the names, business addresses and license series of those licensed retailers who have authorized the agent to purchase on their behalf.

- 4. All orders for "cooperative purchases" from a wholesaler shall be placed by the agent, and payment for that order shall be made by such agent. The agent shall be responsible for the fiscal operation of all "cooperative purchases". There shall be no exchanges of merchandise after delivery has been made by the wholesaler. Bona fide delivery errors are excepted if immediately recognized and documented.
- 5. A wholesaler shall comply with all invoice and record-keeping procedures in accordance with R19-1-222, prevailing federal regulations and requirements of the Department of Revenue. The wholesaler shall prepare a master invoice for the agent of each "cooperative purchase" which shall detail the individual purchases made by each member of the "cooperative purchase", a copy of which must be furnished each member. The master invoice shall dictate the specific discount for each "cooperative purchase".
- 6. Agents shall follow recordkeeping procedures so as to account for all orders and purchases and deliveries to retailers and describe any storage of spirituous liquors. Such records must relate directly to the orders, purchases, and deliveries made by each retailer represented by the agent. Agents shall maintain in accordance with R19-1-222, all activity reports and invoices, and any other records requested by the Director, and shall make such available for inspection upon request.
- 7. Agents shall not store spirituous liquors on any premise other than a licensed retail establishment without 1st obtaining written permission from the Director. Wholesalers may deliver to an agent's licensed premises or any off-premise warehouse storage facility of the agent which has been approved by the Director. The agent may deliver the merchandise to the individual retailer.
- 8. The Director may cancel, after a hearing pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-210, any Certificate of Registration issued to an agent for failure to comply with this rule.
- The agent may charge members of the cooperate a fee for services rendered to retailers belonging to the cooperative association. Under no circumstances may the agent change the price quoted on the wholesaler's invoice.
- 10. Agent shall file with the Department a list of the names, business addresses and license series for those retailers who have authorized him to act on their behalf. Any changes in the retailers involved in this agreement must be reported to the Department within 10 days of the change.

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

Repealed effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Adopted by final rulemaking at 5 A.A.R. 386, effective January 8, 1999 (Supp. 99-1). Former Section R19-1-303 recodified to R19-1-317; new Section R19-1-303 recodi-

fied from R19-1-242 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6) pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307 § 18. Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

Editor's Note: Adoption was made under a different exemption (Supp. 96-4).

R19-1-304. Standards for Alcohol Training Programs

- **A.** The standards established by this rule shall be minimum standards with respect to the subject matter to be taught and the time allotted for teaching the subject matter.
- **B.** Nothing in this rule prohibits the teaching of additional subject matter or allotting additional time for the teaching of any subject matter.
- **C.** A proposed training program shall be submitted to the Department for initial approval. The Department may, at any time, review any approved training program to determine that the program continues to meet minimum standards.
- **D.** Training shall be conducted by an independent trainer except that licensees with 20 or more licenses may submit an in-house training program.
- E. Training for On-sale Retail Licenses shall consist of:
 - 1. The Regulation of Alcoholic Beverages (40 minutes):
 - Role and Function of Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses.
 - b. Types of On-sale Licenses,
 - c. Potential Risks to the Business/Licensee,
 - d. Potential Risks to the Employee.
 - Laws Regarding Establishments Serving Alcoholic Beverages (20 minutes):
 - a. Licensed Premises.
 - b. Entertainment Within Licensed Premises,
 - c. Violence on Licensed Premises.
 - 3. Laws Regarding Age (50 minutes):
 - a. Legal Age in Arizona,
 - b. Identification of Legal Age,
 - c. Recognizing Invalid Identification,
 - d. Recording Identification,
 - e. Underage Persons in Bars and Restaurants,
 - f. Refusing an Underage Customer.
 - 4. Laws Regarding Intoxication (60 minutes):
 - a. Sale to Intoxicated Persons,
 - b. Service Limitations for Alcoholic Beverages,
 - c. Knowledge of Alcohol and its Effects,
 - d. Monitoring Customer Consumption and Intervention Techniques,
 - e. Refusing an Intoxicated Customer.
 - Laws Regarding Legal Hours of Sale and Laws Regarding the Payment of Alcoholic Beverages (20 minutes).
 - 6. Management Requirement Policies Regarding Alcoholic Beverages (40 minutes):
 - a. Purchase and Storage Requirements,
 - b. Management Requirements,
 - c. Employee Requirements,
 - d. Records Requirements,
 - e. House Policies,
 - f. Marketing Strategies.
 - Course Summary and Evaluation (10 minutes):
 - a. Summary Discussion,

- b. Post Test and Review.
- c. Trainee Certification.
- **F.** Training for Off-sale Retail Licenses shall consist of:
 - 1. The Regulation of Alcoholic Beverages (15 minutes):
 - Role and Function of Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses.
 - b. Potential Risks to the Business/Licensee,
 - c. Potential Risks to the Employee.
 - 2. The Sale to Underage Customers (20 minutes):
 - a. Legal Age in Arizona,
 - b. When to Require Identification,
 - c. Acceptable Forms of Identification,
 - d. Recognizing Invalid Identification,
 - e. Use of Registration Book,
 - f. Refusing an Underage Customer.
 - 3. The Sale to Intoxicated Customers (20 minutes):
 - a. Sales to Intoxicated Customers,
 - b. Recognizing an Intoxicated Customer,
 - c. Refusing an Intoxicated Customer.
 - The Sale of Broken Packages and On-premise Consumption (10 minutes):
 - a. Off-sale Premise Restrictions,
 - b. Advising Customers of Off-sale Consumption.
 - The Sale of Alcoholic Beverages During Restricted Hours (10 minutes):
 - a. Legal Hours of Sale in Arizona,
 - b. Refusing an After-hour Sale.
 - 6. Second Party Sales of Alcoholic Beverages (15 minutes):
 - a. Second-party Purchases,
 - b. Recognizing Second-party Purchasers,
 - c. Refusing Second-party Sales.,
 - 7. Handling Special or Problem Situations (20 minutes):
 - a. Recognizing Problem Situations,
 - b. Employee Responsibilities in Problem Situations.
 - 8. Course Summary and Evaluation (10 minutes):
 - a. Summary Discussion,
 - b. Post Test and Review,
 - c. Trainee Certification.
- **G.** Persons conducting approved training programs shall, for a minimum of two years, retain records of persons who have satisfactorily completed the program. The record shall include:
 - 1. Name of the person completing the training;
 - 2. Date the training was completed;
 - 3. Type of training (on-sale, off-sale);
 - 4. If the person is employed by a licensee, the name of the licensee by whom the person is employed.
- H. Upon satisfactory completion of training, the trainer shall present a certificate of completion to the trainee. The certificate shall list the information required by subsection (G)(1) (4) of this rule and include the name of the program and the signature of the trainer.

Historical Note

Adopted effective September 14, 1990, under an exemption from the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1989, Ch. 234, § 22; filed with the Office of the Secretary of State October 25, 1996 (Supp. 96-4).

Amended effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2). Former Section R19-1-304 recodified to R19-1-316; new Section R19-1-304 recodified from R19-1-257 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Editor's Note: The following Section was adopted and amended under an exemption from the Arizona Administrative Procedure Act (A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6). Although exempt from certain provisions of the rulemaking process, the Department was required to provide for reasonable notice and hearing on the original rule. This Section was not reviewed by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council; and the Department did not submit notice of proposed rulemaking to the Secretary of State for publication in the Arizona Administrative Register (Supp. 97-2).

R19-1-305. Change of Address

When a street number or other official designation of address of the licensed premises is changed, the licensee shall notify the Department on a form prescribed by the Director within 15 days of such change. The license shall be surrendered upon the issuance of a replacement license which reflects the current address of the licensed premises.

Historical Note

Adopted effective June 4, 1997, under an exemption from certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1996, Ch. 307, § 18 (Supp. 97-2).

Amended effective November 24, 1998, under an exemption from provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act pursuant to Laws 1998, Ch. 259, § 23 (Supp. 98-4).

Former Section R19-1-305 recodified to R19-1-233; new Section R19-1-305 recodified from R19-1-218 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-306. Name Change Requirements

No licensee shall change the name of his licensed business without first notifying the Department on a form prescribed by the Director. The license shall be surrendered upon the issuance of a replacement license which reflects the current name of the licensed premises.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-306 recodified from R19-1-219 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-307. Closing, Notice of

- A. The licensee shall notify the Department on a form prescribed by the Director if a license is not used for a period of time over 30 consecutive days. The licensee shall notify the Department within 30 days from the date the license was last used.
- **B.** The licensee shall notify the Department on a form prescribed by the Director prior to placing the license back into use.
- C. No licensee shall leave his licensed place of business, while under normal operating conditions, in the control of another, over 30 days without first notifying the Department and complying with the required filing of a manager's agreement or letter of notification.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-307 recodified from R19-1-225 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-308. Surrender of Licenses/Interim Retail Permits

- A. Surrender of retail licenses for purposes of compliance with the interim permit requirements of A.R.S. § 4-203.01 shall be accomplished by any of the following:
 - The license is delivered to the Department by mail or in person with a notarized signature of surrender by the license holder or holders; or
 - 2. In the event the license is lost or cannot be located, the license holder or holders indicates in a signed, notarized statement the surrender of the license; or
 - The license holder or holders has abandoned the licensed premise and the license with no intention of returning as demonstrated by the following:
 - a. The premises have been vacant during normal operating hours for a period of 30 days; and

- The licensee has failed to notify the Director of his or her intention to suspend the operation under the license as required by R19-1-225; and
- The licensee cannot be located by the Department at his or her last known address as reflected in the Department's records; and
- d. The person who delivered the license to the Department has submitted a notarized statement asserting that, to the best of his or her knowledge, the licensed premises have been vacant during normal operating hours for a period of 30 days and the license holder or holders has abandoned the license and licensed premises.
- **B.** The Director may deny the surrender of any license, regardless of the method of surrender, if:
 - The licensee is delinquent in payment of taxes to any municipality or the state or any political subdivision thereof; or
 - A complaint has been filed and is pending against the licensee alleging a violation of any provision of A.R.S. Title 4, or any rule thereof; or
 - 3. The ownership of the license is contested; or
 - Civil proceedings involving the liquor license are pending before any Arizona or federal court.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-308 recodified from R19-1-243 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-309. Special Event License

- A. An applicant for a Special Event License shall make application on a form prescribed by the Department. The application form shall be filed with the local authority for approval or denial. Applications approved by the local authority will be reviewed by the Director. If the applicable requirements of A.R.S. Title 4 are met, the Director shall issue a Special Event License. The application form may be approved and validated by the Department and a copy returned to the local governing authority and the applicant.
- B. Qualifying organizations as defined in A.R.S. § 4-203.02(B) may be granted a Special Event license for no more than 10 days in a calendar year. Events shall be held on consecutive days and at the same location or additional licenses will be required. A Special Event License authorizes the sale of spirituous liquor for the period authorized on the and is automatically terminated upon closing of the last day of the event or the expiration of the license, whichever occurs 1st.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-309 recodified from R19-1-244 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-310. Criteria for Issuing Restaurant License

The following factors are to be considered by the Department in determining when a protest will be made against a restaurant license application. Any combination of four or more factors may result in a Department protest.

- The number of cooks, food preparation personnel, waiters, or waitresses do not appear to be a sufficient number to prepare and provide the proposed restaurant services.
- Restaurant equipment is not of sufficient grade or appropriate to the offered menu.
- The proposed menu is not of the type and price likely to achieve 40% food sales.
- There is the presence of a jukebox, live entertainment, or dance floor on the premises.

- 5. There is the presence of a number of bar games and equipment, such as pool tables, dart games, big-screen televisions, or arcade-type games.
- 6. Use of a term in the establishment's business name, signage, or promotional material which places emphasis on alcohol consumption. Terms such as bar, tavern, pub, spirits, club, lounge, cabaret, saloon, and other names which denote liquor sales will be considered as indication of non-restaurant format.
- More than 60% of the public seating area consists of barstools, cocktail tables, and similar types of seating, indicating that such area is used primarily for alcohol consumption.
- Dinnerware and smallware including dining utensils are not compatible with the offered menu.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-310 recodified from R19-1-240 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-311. Patio -- Outdoor Use Permission

No licensee shall serve or allow to be served any spirituous liquors, including beer and wine, to patrons seated at outdoor or patio tables within the boundaries of the licensee's property without obtaining written approval on an extension of premise application from the Department. This application will apply to a temporary extension of premise as well as a permanent extension of premise.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-311 recodified from R19-1-233 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-312. Conveyance License, Application Posting

For the purpose of processing an application filed by a conveyance applicant, the posting of the application as provided by A.R.S. § 4-201, shall be accomplished by posting a copy of the application and notice to the public in a conspicuous place at the location where the conveyance applicant conducts its principal business in the state of Arizona.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-312 recodified from R19-1-223 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-313. Interim Permit/Tax Violations

The Director may refuse to issue an interim permit or issue a license until arrangements have been made with the taxing authority to satisfy the payment of all delinquent taxes. Any arrangements must be verified in writing from the applicable taxing authority and submitted to the Director.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-313 recodified from R19-1-252 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-314. Distilling Apparatus Requirements

All distilling apparatus shall be registered with the Director. Such registration shall contain:

- A description covering type, capacity and other physical details;
- 2. Names and addresses of owner or owners;
- A correct and complete address of the premises where such still or distilling apparatus is in operation or is stored;
- 4. Purposes for which apparatus will be used;
- 5. Photographs of the assembled apparatus; and
- Copy of Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Still Registration Permit.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-314 recodified from R19-1-201 at 8

A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-315. Exemptions to A.R.S. § 4-244.05

Small restaurants, catering establishments, associations, and business establishments hosting private social functions are exempt from A.R.S. § 4-244.05 if the business establishment meets all of the following conditions:

- The possession or consumption of spirituous liquor on the premises is limited to wine and beer and is permitted as an incidental convenience to patrons of the business establishment.
- The business establishment limits possession or consumption of wine or beer on the premises to the hours between noon and 10 p.m.
- The business establishment or premises allows a patron to possess no more than 24 ounces of beer per person, or 6 ounces of wine per person to be consumed on the premises.
- The business establishment notifies the Department on a form prescribed by the Department that it permits patrons to consume or possess beer or wine on the premises.
- The business establishment and/or its proprietor, manager, comptroller, controlling person, or employee shall comply with A.R.S. Title 4, Chapters 1, 2, and 3, and 19 A.A.C. 1.
- 6. The business establishment and/or its proprietor, manager, comptroller, controlling person, or employee shall not permit the number of patrons within the business establishment to exceed the maximum occupancy limitations. The maximum occupancy limitations are:
 - a. Small restaurant: shall not exceed 40 patrons.
 - Catering establishment: shall not exceed 300 patrons.
 - c. Associations: shall not exceed 300 patrons.
 - Business establishments hosting private social functions: shall not exceed 300 patrons.
- 7. If any clause, sentence, subsection, Section, or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, subsection, Section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-315 recodified from R19-1-302 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-316. Public Facilities Exemption

Publicly owned and/or facilities operated by governmental entities ("Public Facility") are exempt from A.R.S. § 4-244.05 if such facilities meet all of the following conditions:

- The possession or consumption of spirituous liquor is permitted only within the hours of noon to 10 p.m. as permitted by Arizona law, and is limited to no more than 10 hours per day;
- The possession or consumption of spirituous liquor is permitted only as an incidental convenience to the person attending such public facility;
- The maximum permitted occupancy of such public facility shall be 250,000.

- 4. A person attending such public facility shall possess no more than 24 ounces of beer, 6 ounces of distilled spirits or 6 ounces of wine per person to be consumed on the premises.
- 5. The Director's agent and/or any peace officer shall be empowered to enforce A.R.S. Title 4 to visit and inspect the public facility during business hours.
- 6. The public facility and/or its proprietor, manager, comptroller, controlling person or employee shall comply with the provisions of A.R.S. Title 4, Chapters 1, 2, and 3, and 19 A.A.C. 1.
- 7. If any clause, sentence, subsection, Section, or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, subsection, Section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-316 recodified from R19-1-304 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

R19-1-317. Licensing Time-frames

The following time-frames apply to licenses issued by the Department. The licensing time-frames consist of an administrative completeness review time-frame, a substantive review time-frame, and an overall time-frame as defined in A.R.S. § 41-1072.

- Within the applicable administrative completeness review time-frame set forth in subsection (5), the Department shall notify the applicant in writing when an application is incomplete. The notice shall specify what information or component is required to make an application complete.
- 2. An applicant with an incomplete application shall supply the missing information within 30 days from the date of the notice or within such further time as the Director may specify, unless another time is specified by statute or rule. If the applicant fails to submit the missing information or component within the specified time period, the Department may deem the application withdrawn and close the file. Closing the file under this provision does not preclude the applicant from filing a new application.
- 3. Within the applicable overall time-frame set forth in subsection (5), unless extended by written notification pursuant to A.R.S. § 4-201.01(B), or by mutual agreement pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1075, the Department shall notify the applicant in writing that the application is granted or denied. If the application is denied, the Department shall serve the applicant with a written order containing justification for the denial and an explanation of the applicant's right to appeal.
- 4. For all types of liquor licenses, except Special Event and Wine Festival Licenses, the Director may extend the overall time-frame as prescribed by A.R.S. § 4-201(B).
- 5. The licensing time-frames are set forth in Table A.

Historical Note

New Section R19-1-317 recodified from R19-1-303 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).

Table A. Licensing Time-frames

No.	License Type	Legal Authority	Administrative Completeness Review Time-frame	Substantive Review Time-frame	Overall Time-frame
1	In-State Producers	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
2	Out of State Producers	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
3	Domestic Microbrewery	A.R.S. § 4-205.04	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
4	Wholesalers	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
5	Government	A.R.S. § 4-205.03	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
6	Bar	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
7	Beer and Wine Bar	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
8	Conveyance	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
9	Liquor Store	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
10	Beer and Wine Store	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
11	Hotel-Motel	A.R.S. § 4-205.01	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
12	Restaurant	A.R.S. § 4-205.02	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
13	Domestic Farm Winery	A.R.S. § 4-205.04	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
14	Club (Private)	A.R.S. § 4-205	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
15	Out of State Winery	A.R.S. § 4-209	75 Days	30 Days	105 Days
	Wine Festival/Wine Fair	A.R.S. § 4-203.03	10 Days	20 Days	30 Days
	Special Event	A.R.S. § 4-203.02(B)	10 Days	20 Days	30 Days

Historical Note

Table adopted by final rulemaking at 5 A.A.R. 386, effective January 8, 1999 (Supp. 99-1). Table A recodified from a position after R19-1-305 to a position after R19-1-317 under A.R.S. § 41-1011 at 8 A.A.R. 2636, effective May 30, 2002 (Supp. 02-2).